Only the federal revenue and expenditure of the German Empire are given above. In addition all the States of the Empire have budgets, that of Prussia showing a revenue of \$432,119,000, and an expenditure of \$437,917,000 in 1893. France has the largest revenue and expenditure of any country in the world, followed by Russia, the United Kingdom, India, Austria-Hungary and the United States, in the order named. In proportion to population, the receipts and expenditures are largest in the Argentine Confederation and Uruguay.

1399. The sources from which the ordinary revenue of Canada is derived may be divided, as previously explained (see paragraph 1365), into two classes, viz.: 1. Taxation; 2. Other Sources. The following figures give the amount raised in each class in 1891, 1892, 1893 and 1894 :---

Revenue.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	
Revenue raised by taxation Revenue raised from other sources		\$ 28,446,157 8,475,715	\$ 29,321,367 8,847,242	\$ 27,579,203 8,795,499	
Total	38,579,311	36,921,872	38,168,609	36,374,693	

There was a decrease in receipts from taxation in 1894, as compared with 1893, of \$1,742,164, but an increase in 1893, as compared with 1892, of \$875,210. The receipts from other sources in 1894 decreased by \$51,752. The proportion of the total revenue derived from taxation in 1894 was $75 \cdot 82$ per cent, as compared with $76 \cdot 82$ per cent in 1893, with $77 \cdot 04$ per cent in 1892, and with $78 \cdot 57$ per cent in 1891, and was a smaller proportion than in any previous year since Confederation.

During 27 years the yearly average amount of taxation per head is \$5.25. The taxation of 1894 is 24 cents per head higher than the average of the 27 years. Since Confederation there have been 13 years in which the per head taxation was higher and 13 years in which it was lower than in 1894. The highest year was in 1882, when the taxation was \$6.60 per head. The lowest year was in 1869, when the taxation was \$3.26 per head. The development of other sources of revenue outside of revenue by customs and excise duties has been considerable, as the following table shows :---

YEAR.	Per cent of Revenue from Taxation.	Per cent of Revenue from other sources.	YEAR.	Per cent of Revenue from Taxation.	Per cent of Revenue from other sources.
$\begin{array}{c} 1868 \\ 1869 \\ 1870 \\ 1871 \\ 1872 \\ 1873 \\ 1873 \\ 1874 \\ 1875 \\ 1876 \\ 1876 \\ 1877 \\ 1878 \\ 1877 \\ 1878 \\ 1879 \\ 1880 \\ 1880 \\ 1881 \\ 18$	77.0 84.4 85.5 84.6 83.1 83.8 82.4 80.2 80.0 82.0 79.3	$14.5 \\ 23.0 \\ 15.6 \\ 15.6 \\ 14.5 \\ 15.4 \\ 16.9 \\ 16.2 \\ 17.6 \\ 19.8 \\ 20.0 \\ 18.0 \\ 20.7 \\ 19.2 \\ 19.2 \\ 19.2 \\ 19.2 \\ 19.2 \\ 19.2 \\ 10.1 \\ $	1882. 1883. 1884. 1885. 1886. 1887. 1888. 1889. 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894.	77 · 4 76 · 0 80 · 2 78 · 5	$17.5 \\ 18.2 \\ 20.0 \\ 22.6 \\ 23.9 \\ 19.8 \\ 21.5 \\ 22.0 \\ 20.8 \\ 21.4 \\ 23.0 \\ 23.2 \\ 24.2 \\ 24.2 \\ $